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FALSEHOOD NAILED ON SHORT NOTICE

Democratic Candidate Misrepresents Facts in Speech Made at Madisonville

A deliberate misrepresentation of facts was made in a speech, as reported in a Madisonville Democratic newspaper on October 14, delivered by Senator J. C. W. Heckham, Democratic candidate for re-election.

According to this report, Heckham said:

"And I blush for the Republican party, whose leaders in purely partisan selfishness, withheld from the Republican platform, adopted at Chicago, any mention of the part American soldiers had in the victory over Germany and consequently recorded no words of commendation of their heroism and sacrifice."

This is an absolute untruth. Hero in plain black and white is the glowing tribute to our heroic American soldiers made in the Republican platform of 1920:

The Service Men.

We hold in imperishable remembrance the valor and the patriotism of the soldiers and sailors of America who fought in the great war for human liberty, and we pledge ourselves to discharge to the fullest the obligations which a grateful nation justly should fulfill, in appreciation of the services rendered by its defenders on sea and on land.

Republicans are not ungrateful. Throughout their history they have shown their gratitude toward the nation's defenders. Liberal legislation for the care of the disabled and infirm and their dependents has ever marked Republican policy toward the soldier and sailor of all the wars in which our country has participated. The present Congress has appropriated generously for the disabled of the World War.

The amounts already applied and authorized for the fiscal year 1920-21 for this purpose reaches the stupendous sum of \$1,180,571,893. This legislation is significant of the party's purpose in generously caring for the maimed and disabled men of the recent war.

This misrepresentation is nothing more or less than a last-hour effort to mislead those valiant young Kentucky boys who fought in the war and are going to vote in November, as well as their fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers, who have learned the truth about the Democratic party and its consistent failure to do the right thing by our fighting men.

K. OF P. CONVENTION TO BE HELD TONIGHT

The Knights of Pythias, of this district are to hold a convention tonight at their Castle Hall. The Grand Chancellor will be among the visitors and is expected to have something good for those present. First rank work will be conferred and an interesting meeting is expected. All members of the order are requested to be present.

LEAGUE DON'T FUNCTION.

The world is sick for peace—that is, the decent cultured world is sick for peace. And yet war continues to ravage its red way thru many lands. The Near East is a volcano. Russia, Lithuania, Poland, the Caucasus, Persia, Turkey—in all of these and many more lands the war horns blare, the guns roar, cities fall and are sacked, men and women and children die. Famine and starvation are reaping hideous harvests. The situation in Ireland is approximating that so long prevalent in Mexico. Mandates conferred by the authority of the Council of the League of Nations are imposed and enforced only thru the agency of war with all its accursed incidents.

If the League of Nations was created to prevent war, if it was set up to become the clearing house for international justice, why in the name of all the gods of pity and friends of mercy does it not function effectively now? Twenty-four nations are members of the league. But what has it done to conserve or exalt international justice? What has it done to prevent any war? Where the substantial achievement in this respect of this super-institution which has assumed to take over the world, the

power and attributes of the Almighty.

So far as may be determined by a study of league purposes and methods, it is incapable of stopping hostilities anywhere. The council seems to be little more than a society for academic discussion.

War rages, but the League of Nations does not function. To say this is not partisan presumption, but the proclamation of indisputable facts. What the league might do is a too tenuous speculation to which to anchor hope.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

MRS. BARRETT ENTERTAINS

The Ladies' Social Club met with Mrs. Lyman G. Barrett at her home on Walnut Street, last Friday afternoon in a very pleasant meeting. At the conclusion of a number of games of progressive rook a delicious luncheon was served by the hostess. In addition to the Club Members the following guests were present to enjoy the occasion:

Mrs. James Henderson Murphree, L. S. Igleheart, Miss Leila Glenn and Miss Bonner Barrett, the latter of Barrett's Ferry.

LABORERS LEAVE MEXICO FOR U. S.

Higher Wages Paid in This Country Is Causing Steady Flow Across Border.

Mexico City, Mexico, Oct. 16.—Mexico is beginning to feel the effect of the heavy flow of labor from this country to the United States, and ways are being discussed to keep the Mexican workmen at home. Those who go to the United States are the best of the laborers, vigorous, enterprising men, who are able to earn and save enough for the journey. Those who remain behind are chiefly of the lazy, shiftless class—men who are not looked upon as prizes by employers.

The great reason for the rush to the United States is that the Mexicans are better paid there. Men who have worked in the Mexican oil fields, where laborers get three and a half pesos, or \$1.75 in American money, cross the border into Texas, where many of them get as high as \$5 a day, or ten pesos, in the American oil fields. Those who work on railroads and ranches get much better pay than they could obtain in the part of Mexico where the highest wages are paid—the oil fields. Outside of the Tampico district, Mexican laborers get much less than \$1.75 a day. In some sections men are glad to work for one and two pesos a day.

The "high wages" in the oil fields have caused Mexican laborers to go there from all parts of the country but as the Tampico section is very unhealthy many become sick and are forced to leave.

Another cause of the rush across the border is the unsettled condition of Mexico. Many Carranzistas dread mistreatment, have thought it best to go to the United States.

OSCAR NEEL JARNAGIN.

On Wednesday, October 13, little Oscar Neel, 13-months old baby of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Jarnagin, fell asleep in Jesus. Neel was sick most of his life, but was a noble child and bore it all with patience. He was a favorite of the family and loved by all who knew him. All were anxious that he might be spared, but God in his infinite wisdom, knew best when to take him.

Rev. R. B. Neel, for whom he was named, preached the funeral, from 12th chapter 2nd Samuel, after which he was laid to rest in the Green River Cemetery. The floral offerings were beautiful.

REVIVAL SERVICES

The Public is cordially invited to hear Rev. E. Raymond Couch, "The Blue Mountain Evangelist" at the Hartford Baptist church, Sunday Oct. 24th.

T. T. Martin says of him, "I know of no more effective preacher and singer among the young men of America, than Raymond Couch."

Bro. Couch will sing and preach for us till Nov. 30th, when Bro. E. A. Petroff the great Bulgarian singer and Evangelist T. T. Martin, will arrive and continue the services.

League Covenant and Reservations.

Article X of the Covenant of the League of Nations as submitted, being so strongly contested, for and against, by the two leading political parties, the one maintaining that it is the heart of the whole treaty, and the other, the Republican Party, declaring that it would involve the United States in all the World's differences and cause endless trouble and annoyance, together with expense and bloodshed upon the part of America, we herewith reproduce that Article, together with others, and, at the same time give the substitutions for, or reservations thereto, as proposed and adopted by the United States Senate and championed by the Republican Party.

Article I.

Any member of the League may, after two years' notice of its intention so to do, withdraw from the League, provided that all its international obligations and all its obligations under this Covenant shall have been fulfilled at the time of its withdrawal.

(As a matter of course by the terms of the League, its Members would be the sole judges as to whether the Nation attempting to withdraw had fulfilled all its obligations, both National and International.)

Article 10.

The Members of the League undertake to respect and preserve against external aggression the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all Members of the League. In case of any such aggression or in case of any threat or danger of such aggression the Council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled.

The above Article is tolerably plain. The word "shall" and not "may" is freely used. Should it decide upon a war to protect territorial boundaries and the political status of any Nation as now existing, the League Council is to advise, which means in this case, decide, as to what shall be done. As a law-abiding Nation it would be our duty to obey. Just as we obey what the Supreme Court advises and decides is the law.

Article 23—Section (c).

Members of the League will intrust the League with the general supervision over the execution of agreements with regard to the traffic in women and children, and the traffic in opium and other dangerous drugs.

The major portion of Article 23, composed of six sections relates to domestic questions, that is, questions almost if not entirely, having to do with matters affecting each individual Nation. Internally, which would be turned over to the League Council or Assembly for handling should the original draft be approved.

The foregoing constitute only a few of the 15 reservations adopted by the Senate to the League, many of the others being equally as important, perhaps some of them more so, and we urge every reader to carefully weigh these few articles together with the exceptions or reservations, then decide which you deem to be the better for the United States. Take, for instance, the section wherein the Covenant acknowledges the legality of any sort of traffic in women and children, to us a most shameful thing to do under any sort of circumstances. The reservation therefore would leave the question within the United States entirely in her own hands and substitutes SUPPRESSION for SUPERVISION. Which do you approve?

MRS. J. P. HASWELL HAS GOOD HEARING

Mrs. John P. Haswell brought her week's tour of the County to a close last Saturday afternoon at Fordsville, in one of the best meetings of the week. Mrs. Haswell was introduced by Mrs. S. O. Keown, of Hartford, in a few but appropriate words.

The Fordsville Court room was used for the speaking but was entirely too small to accommodate more than a small per cent of those who wished or endeavored to hear the lady. Mrs. Haswell, as elsewhere throughout the County, made a splendid speech. Her discussion of the League of Nations and other issues of vital interest was most convincing and equal to the best delivered in the County during the whole campaign.

COURT HOUSE WEDDING

Mr. Guffy Whittier and Miss Beasie Dodge, of Fordsville, came to town last Saturday, procured a marriage license and were joined in marriage in the office of the County Judge. Mr. Joy Patterson of Centertown, and Miss Jennie Downing, of Simmons, were also united in wedlock at the same place Monday the 18th. Judge Mack Cook officiated in both ceremonies.

UNDER WHICH FLAG?

(Louisville Herald.)

August 30, 1919, one of the best-known public men of the United States appeared before the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate. From the official stenographic report of his speech—it was a carefully prepared and elaborated statement we reprint these remarks:

The reason I am here is because I do not want the government whose shelter from my earliest years I was resolved to seek, whose benefits I have enjoyed to be emasculated, impaired or destroyed, as I believe it will be, of this treaty is ratified.

I do not charge deliberate treason against anyone but I do say that betrayal of the cause for which this war was fought and won will be the net result, if the purpose of those who negotiated this treaty shall be accomplished.

Is there in that treaty one single word of which any American should be proud, does it liberate a single people who seek emancipation?

The speaker was Bourke Cockran. At that time he appeared as the champion of his race; in that day he was pleading for the recognition of the Irish republic and voicing, one must believe, those aspirations that lay

closest to his heart.

The other night he spoke here in Louisville. He was again an advocate, as indeed it is his natural bent to be. But he held a brief for the other side. He was eloquent in rebuttal of himself. When shall we hold him to have been sincere, when he spoke as an Irishman for Ireland or contrariwise?

But there was more, a great deal more. Asked if in his opinion that Wilson's treaty would be helpful to the Irish, he replied that no nation had ever achieved its independence with the consent of the dominant power or by the "naked," unaided action of its own people. "Every successful revolution of which I have any knowledge," he said, "was effected thru outside support." And he instanced the American colonies and Cuba and Greece. To assent to the treaty and covenant, as presented by the President, was, to his way of thinking, not to close one avenue, but to close the only avenue thru which escape might be effected.

There was much more of a fervor and a bitterness it would not be easy to duplicate, of a power and a cogency as well, and finally Mr. Cockran closed as follows:

Peace must be established in Ireland before it can be made permanent thruout the world. Peace can not be established by England in Ireland. Eight centuries of history prove that. The Irish people, who have resisted foreign dominion for nine centuries will not submit to it, even tho an attempt to force it upon them were made by a thousand Leagues of Nations.

The League of Nations here proposed is an abomination, an attempt to use the conscience of Christendom to sanctify and perpetuate wrongs which morality and justice condemn.

As it seems to us, the speaker answers himself with a sufficient completeness. No additional word of ours is required.

N. D. FULKERSON

Mr. N. D. Fulkerson died at his home near Equality, late Monday evening after a protracted illness of a complication of ailments. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. R. E. Fuqua, at Equality, after which the body was given Masonic burial, of which order the deceased was an honored member. Mr. Fulkerson was in his sixty-fourth year, was a member of the Smallhous Baptist Church of which he was an officer at the time of his demise.

SPLENDID SHOWING FOR HORSE BRANCH SCHOOL

Mr. W. H. Collins, of the Kentucky Children's Home Society, recently visited the Horse Branch School, being taught by Mrs. Mary White and Mrs. Pearl Ferguson, for the purpose of inducing the school to make a contribution of \$37.00 for use of the Home. These two teachers put on an entertainment later, as suggested, which netted the neat sum of \$75.00, all of which has been forwarded to the Home officials.

DUKEBURST.

Mr. Smith Payne and Mrs. Andrew Payne went to Calhoun one day last week.

Ray Wimsatt of Chicago, was here last week, visiting relatives.

Mr. Fred Patton, of Rickets, is here this week, visiting relatives and attending the protracted meeting.

Miss Elizabeth Morris, of Livermore, is visiting relatives and friends here.

Mr. W. F. Cornell and son, of Glasgow, are here for a visit with their family.

Mrs. Kit Berry and children, of Kanans, and Miss Ethel Hines, of Earlinton, are visiting Mr. A. J. Hines and family.

Mrs. M. A. Combs, James Smith, and two children of Romney Helton, are on the sick list.

Miss Sudyce Allen, of Hartford, spent Tuesday night here, with Miss Myrtie Payne.

CARD OF THANKS.

We take this method of thanking the folks who were so kind to us during the long illness and death of our dear baby, Neel. May God's richest blessings be upon each of them. J. J. JARNAGIN and FAMILY

JUDGE C. B. SEYMOUR WILL BACK HARDING.

Dean of Kentucky Bar Opposed To League Unless Reservations Are Adopted.

(Louisville Herald.)

Judge Charles B. Seymour, one of the leading members of the Kentucky bar and a lifelong Democrat, announced last night that he will vote for Warren G. Harding for President in the November election.

In making this announcement Judge Seymour gave out a statement over his signature in which he declared that he could not approve the League of Nations covenant without the reservations proposed by the Republican party.

Judge Seymour, for many years dean of the Louisville Law School, is known as one of Kentucky's old-line Democrats. He has always been recognized as one of the ablest men of the party.

It has been known for some weeks to close friends of Judge Seymour that he is not in sympathy with the candidacy of Governor Cox or with the organization behind him. He takes the stand that reservations must be incorporated in the covenant, and that merely interpretative reservations would be of no avail. "The Lodge reservations," he declares, "seem to me indispensable."

Judge Seymour's signed statement follows:

"A League of Nations to prevent war and to limit armaments will be of the greatest value to the world if it shall be entered into without impairing the sovereignty of the United States. That sovereignty must in no event be impaired.

"Interpretative reservations would be of no avail. There must be reservations incorporated in the covenant. The Lodge reservations seem to me indispensable—every one of them. I do not see any reason why patriotic Americans should object to any one of those reservations. I favor with all my soul the League of Nations with those reservations; I could not approve it without those reservations or their equivalent.

"A refusal to enter into the treaty without those reservations is not a refusal to become a member of the League of Nations. President Wilson is unwilling to submit to the nations of Europe the treaty with those reservations; but when his successor, whether he be James M. Cox or Warren Gamaliel Harding—shall submit to the nations of Europe for their approval that treaty with the Lodge reservations, it seems clear that the treaty will be accepted and that we will have an effective League of Nations; the peace of the world will be promoted and the sovereignty and the safety of the United States will be in no wise impaired or imperiled. "C. B. SEYMOUR."

LADIES' SOCIAL CLUB WITH MRS. BELLE COOPER

Mrs. N. Belle Cooper entertained the Ladies' Social Club at her home on Union Street, Wednesday afternoon in an enjoyable meeting to all present. After playing several games of progressive rook delightful refreshments were served.

Those present besides the club members were: Misses Mattie Sandefur, Zella Mae Nali, Winnie D. Simmerman, Mesdames J. B. Tappan and Ira D. Bean.

CROMWELL.

Mrs. Jno. P. Haswell, of Hardingburg, Ky., delivered a splendid address to a very large audience at the school building, on Thursday evening of the 14th, upon the issues of the day and urging the women to vote. Her talk was enjoyed by all present. Congressman Burton E. Sweets, of Iowa, spoke here last Friday evening, discussing the Wilson Administration. A good crowd heard him.

M. H. Thatcher, ex-Governor, of Panama Canal, will speak here in the school building, Monday evening, Oct. 25th. Everybody should hear him.

Rev. Birch Shields left yesterday to begin a revival meeting at Concord church.

Mr. and Mrs. John King, who have been visiting old friends, returned to their home in Beaver Dam, Sunday.

Miss Lena Wallace, who is attending school at Beaver Dam, spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Wallace.

Mr. Clyde Cardwell, of Payton, Iowa, is visiting relatives here.

WHY SOLDIERS ARE OPPOSED TO LEAGUE

Impossible to Arouse Proper Spirit to Face Death for Foreign Countries.

The following is the third of four articles by Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker on "Why Soldiers Are Opposed to the League of Nations." Capt. Rickenbacker was the ace of aces in American aviation on the front in France. His acquaintance among the soldiers of the late war is nationwide. When he speaks for them, he speaks what he knows.

By CAPT. "EDDIE" RICKENBACKER, Chapter 3.

It is a solemn thing to go out to kill or to be killed. Most men do not like to go. They go because duty forces them to. Their sense of duty to their country is stronger than their sense of self-preservation. They face death because they ought to protect what they love at home.

That is what makes spirit in an army. The West Pointer calls it morale. Without this fighting spirit a soldier is not worth much, and an army is no army at all. Every soldier knows this. And so he asks:

"How are you going to get the proper fighting spirit into American troops when, under article 10, they will be called to fight for Poland against Russia, or for Roumania against Bulgaria, or for Greece against Turkey?"

What is there to nerve a man against death in the thought that by his death he will help one of these foreign countries retain a territory as big as Long Island and prevent another country from getting it? Will that thought console him when his mind turns to the mother or wife in America? Is there any inspiration in it? Does a man die gladly for anything so foreign and so remote?

The soldier who has stood by the shattered flesh and bones of a comrade knows there is no spirit or consolation in any of these things. He knows that when he cannot fly willingly into the face of death for any such cause.

The whole thing is impossible. To a soldier of the line it is simply unthinkable. To him all the talk about making the world safe for democracy, the fighting boundary was all around the globe means just nothing at all. He might as well tell him to die for the blue sky as to die for boundary lines everywhere and for democracy in general.

I have never seen a soldier or an aviator that could get the fighting spirit to such a cause as that. Neither has any other American soldier. An American soldier that had no other inspiration would be an army without spirit, without morale; it would be no army at all. Nobody any soldier to imagine a fighting American army under these conditions.

In August, 1918, 16 American aviators were lined up at Clermont, France, to go to the front. They shook hands with everybody and said "good-bye." An engineer officer asked the captain in charge of the aviators: "Why all this gloom?" The reply was: "Well, those American machines have no protection; as soon as a bullet hits that gasoline tank it is finished. It will take fire immediately and the men have no chance to get away." A month later the engineer again met the captain and asked if those men came back. "They never came back," was the simple answer. "They never came back!"

The men do these things as they go to breakfast or board a street car? Do they do these things for political theories or for general principles or for a miserable piece of land that some foreigner covets and some other foreigner will not give up?

Can you expect any soldier, who has seen men do what those 16 did, to be for the League of Nations? Can you imagine his wishing such sacrifices to be made on the orders of a foreign country? Can you picture to yourself an American army sent overseas by the American people to enact such sacrifices? Or, if sent, can you think it possible to inspire an army to brave death on such hollow pretenses? I cannot. No soldier can. That is why the soldier is against the League of Nations.

At your child starts in its sleep, grinds its teeth while sleeping, picks at the nose, has a bad breath, flicks appetite, pale complexion, and dark circles under the eyes; it has worms; and as long as they remain in the intestines, that child will be sickly. White's Cream Vermifuge clears out the worms, strengthens the stomach and bowels and puts the little one on the road to health and cheerfulness. Price 30c per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

BANK RESOURCES BREAK RECORDS

Washington, Oct. 15.—John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency has announced, on the basis of the compilation of the reports of all banks of the country, that the total resources of national banks, State banks, savings banks, trust companies and reporting trust companies is \$53,079,460,946, not including Federal Reserve Banks. Mr. Williams declared that the resources of all the banks in the United States "break all records anywhere, exceeding the combined bank assets of all other leading

nations of the world."

The compilation of the reports of all banks other than national in all of the forty-eight States of the Union and the Island possessions and Alaska as of June 30, 1920, has not been finally completed, but preliminary figures are given which are subject to revision. These figures include the reports of the State banks and trust companies, savings banks mutual and stock, and report on private bank.

The total resources of all the banking institutions under State supervision as reported June 30, 1920, amounted to \$29,667,855,000, an increase for the year of \$3,287,326,000. The total deposits other than bank deposits were reported at \$23,694,372,000, an increase for the year of \$2,855,825,000. The amount due to banks and bankers was reported at \$84,232,000, a reduction for the year of \$41,217,000; Loans and discounts and overdrafts June 30, 1920, amounted to \$17,263,976,000, an increase for the year of \$3,202,093,000. Investments were reported June 30, 1920, at \$7,201,060,000, an increase for the year of \$2,455,000. The cash in vaults reported by the State banks savings banks, trust companies and private banks June 30, 1920, was \$626,027,000, an increase during the year of \$53,129,000. The amount due from other banks June 30, 1920, was \$2,712,040,000, a reduction over June 30, 1919, of \$75,911,000.

The proportion of loans and discounts to total resources June 30, 1920, was 57.8 and on June 30, 1919, was 53 per cent. The total of notes and bills rediscounted and bills payable June 30, 1920, was \$1,073,792,000, an increase during the year of \$263,070,000. Other liabilities June 30, 1920, were reported at \$698,501,000, a decrease since June 30, 1919, of \$150,055,000.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonic known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Alt Drugists, Inc. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

WILSON ACTS IN WHEAT PRICE DROP

Washington, Oct. 16.—President Wilson has requested Governor Allen of Kansas to forward to the Federal Trade Commission any information he has tending to indicate that the recent decline in wheat prices was due to unfair practices or competition or to other artificial causes.

A letter to this effect sent today by Secretary Tumulty was in answer to many appeals for Government action looking to an embargo on Canadian wheat. These were referred sometime ago to the commission and the Department of Agriculture. Mr. Tumulty's letter to Governor Allen said:

"The President has received your telegram of October 6 with reference to the wheat situation and has received a number of others of similar tenor. He fully recognizes the importance of the questions you raise and he has therefore, requested the Federal Trade Commission and the Department of Agriculture to look into the matter at the earliest possible moment with a view to determine what, if anything, can properly be done. In the meantime he will appreciate it if you will be good enough to forward to the Federal Trade Commission any information in your possession which in your opinion tends to indicate that the recent decline in wheat prices is due to unfair practices or competition, or to other artificial causes."

"JOKE" WEDDING NO JOKE

"Mr. and Mrs." F. M. Wartenberg, of Huntington, W. Va., are no doubt aware by this time that it is harder to untie a knot than it is to tie it, even though it be a marriage knot tied in a joke. The couple declare that they parted at the altar. The supreme court decided that although the marriage ceremony was legally performed there had been a previous agreement that it would not be binding and that it was not policy to make such marriages stand. The case was remanded back to the local court for trial on its merits. The moral is that jokers had better not joke about matters as sacred as getting married.

An Agreeable Surprise.

"About three years ago when I was suffering from a severe cold on my lungs and coughed most of the time night and day, I tried a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was surprised at the promptness with which it gave me relief," writes Mrs. James Brown, Clark Mills, N. Y. Many another has been surprised and pleased with the prompt relief afforded by this remedy.

MUST FIGHT OR BREAK OUR WORD

Preparation for War Necessary If We Join League of Nations, Declares American "Ace."

The following is the second of four articles by Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker on "Why Soldiers Are Opposed to the League of Nations." Capt. Rickenbacker was the ace of aces in American aviation on the front in France. His acquaintance among the soldiers of the late war is nationwide. When he speaks for them, he speaks what he knows.

By CAPT. "EDDIE" RICKENBACKER, Chapter 2.

If article 10 means what it says, it means war—more war than the United States ever had before. If we pledge ourselves to preserve "against external aggression" every other member of the league we have got to fight or break our word.

If we are going to fight, we must get ready to fight. That means a great deal. Only a man who was in the war knows how much. We can't contract for a lot of war by signing article 10 and then not prepare for it.

The United States has fine fighting men; none finer. Every soldier who was in France knows this. And when they got into the war these men were warlike enough. But they never felt that war was a regular business with them. As the people in Europe understand it, they were not military professionals. And the American people are not professionals. They are a fighting people, when called out, but in peace they refuse to be military.

We went into the war unprepared, and were protected by our allies while we made preparation. We were in the war 19 months and we came out still unprepared. Yet we spent \$20,000,000,000.

We had only 196 airplanes at the front in France at the end of the war, and not one of them was a fighting plane. Yet we spent more than a billion dollars for aircraft. The soldier of the air knows that.

We did not make our own gas though we tried. We did not use our own grenades. We did not have our own liquid fire; we did not have any American tanks. The soldier of the line knows that; and he knows the thousands of lives these failures cost us.

We cannot afford to go into another war thus unprepared. It would cost too many lives and too much money. If we contract for wars all over the world we have got to prepare or suffer awful losses.

A soldier who was in Europe during the war realizes what a burden a policy of militarism would put on the American people. He understands how terrible would be the losses, under article 10, if a policy of military preparation were not adopted.

The soldier is against bringing European militarism to America and he is against sacrificing American flesh and blood in conflicts for which we are not prepared. If we go into the League of Nations we would have to choose—preparation or punishment. He knows it. That is why he does not want this country to go in under article 10. That is why he is against the League of Nations.

All you who have torpid liver, weak digestion or constipated bowels look out for chills. The season is here and the air is full of the disease germ. The best thing to do is to get your liver in good condition and purify the stomach and bowels. HERBINE is the right remedy. It answers the purpose completely. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

KENTUCKY CAN GROW MORE WHEAT THAN EVER

According to Government reports the 1920 wheat crop in Kentucky was only about half as large as either the 1918 or 1919 crop, but this fact should not discourage farmers in the growing of wheat. If we apply ourselves to proper agricultural methods, Kentucky will grow as much or more wheat than ever.

No doubt, some people think that Kentucky should go out of the wheat growing business but we might as well say that Kentucky should quit growing tobacco.

Kentucky always will and always should grow tobacco. Kentucky always will and always should grow winter wheat. It will be a mistake to think of cutting out either crop because both play an important part in the agricultural prosperity of the state.

Undoubtedly the season had much to do with the reduced yield of wheat this year. Possibly it was more to blame than the soil, but it must be admitted that wheat growing has been much neglected of late.

During the war the abnormal demand for tobacco sent up the price and kept it up and it was natural that we should grow as much tobacco as possible. On thousands of farms the best ground was planted to tobacco and wheat was planted on the poorer ground and given only secondary attention.

But now the war is over and the relative difference between the

Fordson

TRADE MARK

Farm Tractor

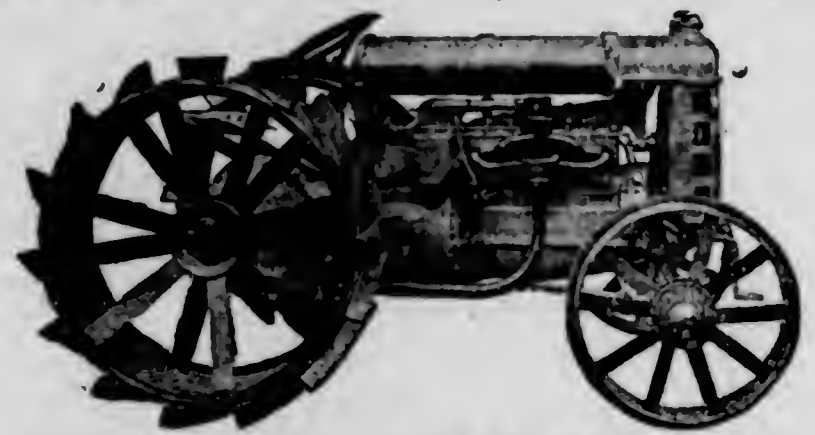
More than 100,000 Fordson tractors have been sold to farmers in the United States. They are helping those farmers do more and better work in less time and at less cost. North, East, South, West—everywhere the Fordson has proven itself a money-maker and a real necessity to the farmer. Besides it is helping mightily to solve the labor problem.

These one hundred thousand and more practical farmers have affirmed the economy—the exceptionally low fuel and operating cost—of the Fordson; its time and labor-saving qualities and its ability to increase production. The Fordson was built to be the most economical tractor; is compact and devoid of excessive weight. And it is built of the same strong iron and steel as is the Ford car.

Winter or bad weather does not hinder the Fordson's usefulness. Day or night—twenty-four hours a day if you choose—you can utilize the Fordson.

Only so many Fordsons are allotted this territory. Orders are being filled in sequence—first come first served. Let us have yours now.

There's a practical use for the Fordson every day of the year. Let's tell you. Come in and have a tractor talk. Give us the chance to make a demonstration on your own farm.



BEAVER DAM AUTO COMPANY
BEAVER DAM, KY.

prices of wheat and tobacco will soon disappear. We must get back to a normal agricultural basis. We must not forget that wheat is one of the staple crops of Kentucky. It is essential to the fullest prosperity of the state even as tobacco and corn and other products are essential.

It is time right now, for us to think of wheat and get ready for next year. Tobacco ground is splendid ground for wheat and next year may be the best wheat year Kentucky ever had. More attention to the proper liming and fertilizing of the soil will help to make it so.

Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation. Chamberlain's Tablets have restored to health and happiness hundreds who were afflicted with indigestion, biliousness and constipation. If you are troubled in this way give them a trial. You are certain to be pleased for they will benefit you.

MOST APT FIRE-FIGHTER

San Francisco can boast of a new high pressure water system designed expressly for fire fighting which is believed to be the most powerful and efficient in the world. It has no connection with the regular city water system but pumps salt water from the bay, whence it is stored in an immense reservoir on Twin Peaks, almost 1000 feet above sea level. The new fire-plug has six separate connections for hose; the available water pressure is 314 pounds, which is more than ordinary water mains could stand. In a recent exhibition 21 streams of water were thrown higher than the tallest skyscrapers and were turned on and off simultaneously, six miles of hose being used. If such a deluge of water could have been thrown on the great fire of 1906 there might have been a different story to tell. Since that awful disaster San Francisco has spent over \$20,000,000 for improved fire-fighting apparatus.

WOMAN KEEPS SECRET!

They say that 12 years is a long time for any woman to keep a secret; but it can be done, as proved by Mrs. Adam Carl, of Chambersburg, Pa., who married 12 years ago and has since lived in her own home under her maiden name. Mrs. Carl is now going to keep house for her husband.

PAIR DIVORCED EVERY 10 MINUTES IN BOSTON

Boston, Oct. 16.—An avalanche of divorce petitions breaking all records of Suffolk County and necessitating two sessions of the divorce court, promises to add nearly 50 per cent to the divorce rate here this year.

At the twin sessions of the divorce court, cases are now being handled as frequently as one every ten minutes.

The number of divorces in 1920 is already close to the figure for the whole of 1919, which was the record for this county and for Massachusetts.

The general cause of multiplying marital troubles, according to county officials, is the unrest resulting from the war.

Behind the unrest, many observers believe, is not the war, but the lack of proper housing facilities incident to the war period.

A valuable dressing for flesh wounds, burns, scalds, old sores, rash, chafed skin, is Ballard's Snow Lintment. It is both healing and antiseptic. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

TENNESSEE ON TRIAL TRIP

New York, Oct. 15.—The super-dreadnought, Tennessee, which was launched three months ago, has been fitted complete for sea service and left the New York yard today on her trial trip.

The Tennessee was in command of Capt. R. H. Leigh and carried 1,450 men and officers, the majority of whom were native Tennesseans.

When the big battleship, which is equipped with twelve fourteen-inch guns, is ready for line duty she will join the eighth battle division at San Francisco, it was announced.

FASTS 40 DAYS.

Mrs. J. M. Lane, of Oregon, underwent a 40-day fast to conquer stomach trouble from which she suffered for many years. Her only nourishment was orange and lemon juice and water. Though she lost 25 pounds Mrs. Lane was not confined to her bed. Her first food at the end of the fast was a little soup. The

longest authenticated fasting record known is 45 days, made by Nucci in New York in 1890. Mayor MacSwiney at this writing is close to 60 days on his "hunger strike" but it is asserted that he has been fed.

CRANK WILL NOT BE TRIED FOR MURDER

Philadelphia, Oct. 15.—District Attorney F. X. Renninger, of Montgomery County announced today that Augusto Pasquale, "the crank", will not be placed on trial charged with the death of Bleckley Coughlin, who was kidnapped last June. Despite his alleged confession that he killed the child, the District Attorney said, Pasquale cannot be tried for murder under a State law unless the body of the child is found.

Pasquale's confession, he said, cannot be admitted as evidence without proof of the child's death. Pasquale told the authorities he threw the body of the child into the Sebucykill River.

The formal charges to be lodged against Pasquale, District Attorney Renninger said, will be abduction, extortion and blackmail, with possibly the addition of a charge of breaking and entering. The maximum penalty for abduction in Pennsylvania is life imprisonment.

OULJA-BOARD LIES!

There is one person who no doubt has learned to leave the oulja-board alone. He is William Morris, of New York city, who is held on \$500 bail for trial by special court. Morris' wife, it appears, lost her diamond ring some time ago and Morris got out his oulja-board for council. When asked who took the ring, Oulja said "Cooper" whereupon Morris sought out his lifelong friend and beat him up. The court informed Morris that the police department did not accept the oulja-board as good evidence and he would have to take the consequences of his assault.

PILFERED HARDWARE

Judge—Why did you steal that key-wrench and crowbar?
Prisoner—Yer honor, I wuz "busted."
Judge—What do you think you are—an automobile?

LEAGUE MEANS MORE GRIEF FOR MOTHERS

No Consolation to American Motherhood When Sons Fight in Foreign Quarrels.

The following is the last of four articles by Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker on "Why Soldiers Are Against the League of Nations." Capt. Rickenbacker was the ace of aces in American aviation on the front in France. His acquaintance among the soldiers of the late war is nationwide. When he speaks for them, he speaks what he knows.

By CAPT. "EDDIE" RICKENBACKER Chapter 4.

An American soldier of the line does not talk much about his mother. Something holds him back. But he thinks about her.

When ordered to the front he writes fast to her. When letters come from home he looks first for hers. When he returns from war, hers is the first face he seeks.

If in battle he faces death, it is her features that flash upon him. If he has time to remember his home it is her form that means home to him. This, I believe, is true of ninety soldiers in a hundred.

No man feels more deeply than the American soldier what war means to American mothers—especially a foreign war. So one of the first thoughts that come to a soldier after reading the league covenant is this: Is it right to expose the mothers of America to all the grief of war, just to help a foreign nation settle a boundary quarrel or win a political dispute?

The one consolation of the American mother, when her son said good-by, was that he wore the uniform of his country and untried away under the flag of the United States. He went because the government of his country called him. He would fight to uphold the honor of the United States. He would risk his life to protect his country and his people. He would risk his life to punish the enemies of his country.

This pride in their sons' American spirit and American loyalty carried a million American mothers through the anguish of sleepless nights. It was what brought them through the torture of the days when American young men were dying by thousands and no news came to tell who still lived and who had gone.

Now just imagine a war which had not even this comfort for a mother's heart! Could anything be sadder? Think of the mother whose son would be sent to Asia to protect the Mesopotamian oil fields from Russia, or help France rivet the bonds on Syria! Or to get a piece of Turkey for Greece! Or to turn some nasty little territorial trick for a people we have never seen and a cause nobody could understand!

Are the mothers of America to be crucified for foreign quarrels that never end? Can an American imagine a more needless outrage to be imposed on American womanhood? Can a soldier think of a more painful sacrifice, this side of death?

I know that some men, who have not felt death facing them in front and anguish waiting on them at home, have said much about fighting for mankind. An American statesman has even said: "These men give their lives to secure the freedom of mankind." But no soldier can accept that. If the statesman had been a soldier, he would not have said it. Why? Because he would not have felt it.

The soldier of the United States fought for the United States. He had no like or dislike for mankind in general. He thought only of his own country. That was his main pride and consolation; for his mother, that was the sole pride and consolation. And for the mothers of America, if not for themselves, American soldiers would resent any scheme of world politics which in the days of war trial and war misery, would take away this last vestige of comfort and leave nothing but a killing anxiety behind.

No soldier can be for a covenant that is so cruel to her whom he loves best.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 60c. Sold by the Ohio County Drug Co.

In-Bad the Sailor



Copyright, 1920, by Star Company.

"LOOKED BAD FOR ME" HE DECLARES

Kept Growing Worse Until He Almost Gave Up—Tanlac Restored His Health

"I thought I would have to quit my job but two bottles of Tanlac have put me back in as fine health as I could want to be in," said John J. Block, 1105 Dumesnil street, Louisville, Ky.

"My troubles started about a year ago and I went down hill until it was all I could do to hold out at work till night. My stomach was in an awful shape and I never wanted to eat anything hardly, for everything disagreed with me. I had rheumatism from the small of my back to my knees and I couldn't sleep well. I felt tired from morning till night and many a time thought I was going to give out.

"Finally I decided to try Tanlac and while I have been taking it only about three weeks it has built me up more than I ever thought any medicine could. My appetite can't be beat I relish everything I eat and never suffer after eating. I don't feel a trace of rheumatism, I sleep sound every night and get up of mornings feeling fine. I'm as good a man physically as I ever was and never miss a day from work."

Tanlac is sold in Hartford by Dr. L. B. Bean; in Beaver Dam by R. T. Taylor, Jr.; and in McHenry by S. J. Tichenor.—Advertisement.

YOUR WATCH A POWER PLANT

Really Enormous Amount of Energy is Concentrated in That Luminous Radium Dial.

If you own a radium-dial watch with luminous figures and hands, then you are the possessor of a vast power plant of no mean proportions, says the Electrical Experimenter. There is sufficient radium on your watch dial to haul your train homeward, if it could be properly applied.

As the matter stands, the innocent-looking radium dial does not seem to possess any extraordinary amount of concentrated energy, but this is only apparently the case, and not actually so; for the reason that while the amount of activity manifested by the radium paint on the dial is small, this effect will keep up for 2,500 years, provided the zinc sulphide, with which the radium is mixed so as to produce a glow, held out that long. The zinc sulphide in most cases gives out about eight to ten years.

Now, if we could find a way to make the radium release all its energy in a few hours, instead of spreading it over 2,500 years, it would not be difficult to make a motor that would utilize this energy.

Daddy's Status.

Barbara and Helen were spending Christmas day thoroughly enjoying the gifts Santa had left for them. Barbara, the older sister, had spent the previous summer in the country, where her father, a doctor, had thought it advisable to have her. Helen showed herself partial to a big toy horse, upon whom she had contemplated bestowing a name, when she turned to her sister with the remark: "I wonder is this a girl horse or a boy horse?"

With an indifferent shrug of the shoulders Barbara said: "I don't know."

Helen's rejoinder came promptly: "You ought to know; you were in the country long enough last summer."

Just then the children's father came into the room, and Barbara suggested they "ask daddy."

To this Helen haughtily replied: "He ain't no horse doctor; he's a person doctor."

First Man—Walk down to the house with me and I will give you a drink.

Second Man—Walk! Let's take the middle of the road on the run.

CUT COST OF LIVING WITH NEW INVENTION

Bacteriologist Says Fertilizer Will Double Farm Production.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 16.—The production of two ears of corn where one formerly grew, the growth of two tomatoes on the same branch, which formerly produced one—in fact, the doubling of the growing capacity of all soil—are the claims for a new fertilizer invented by Dr. F. M. Wood, a Chicago bacteriologist, who arrived in Memphis yesterday on the first lap of a journey by automobile thru the south, where he expects to promote the establishment of a fertilizing plant in every county in the southern states.

In Memphis, according to Dr. Wood, huge industries will be established and this city will be the main southern office for the enterprise. Other than mere tentative plans, nothing has been done as yet toward locating the laboratories here but Dr. Wood held conferences yesterday with several local financiers yesterday relative to introducing the new invention to southern farmers.

The method really is not new, but is simply an old process carried out in a new way, according to Dr. Wood. It will reduce the high cost of living, lighten farm work and, above all, it is cheap, he says.

Dr. Wood's method consists of vaccinating the ground. Nutritional organisms found in the roots of leguminous plants, such as alfalfa, clover and cowpeas, are isolated and kept alive in a liquid solution, multiplied and returned to the soil, where they make more accessible the nitrogen in the ground.

Experiments have shown, according to Dr. Wood, that seeds soaked in the solution have grown twice as fast as seeds from the same batch, but untreated.

"I think that I have solved the problem in my liquid solution," the inventor stated. "In the liquid solution the germs are kept alive, whereas the government was not very successful in keeping them alive in the dry form."

"At present nitrates for use on the farm cost in the neighborhood of \$30 per acre, while my solution can be procured for 25 cents an acre. My plan is to manufacture the solution in each farming locality, using the particular form of germs produced there, and then, as time passes, cross these germs with others from different countries and states."

Farmers To Operate Plants.

Continuing he stated that the plans of financing the proposition were simple, and he contemplated no trouble, inasmuch as under his process farmers in the various localities would pay for the installation of the fertilizing plants and operate them, and that he would receive only a stipulated royalty on all sales. He stated that by establishing a small plant in every farming section at a comparatively small cost—to the farmers, freight and expenses would be avoided.

He said that he has spent years in research work on his new invention.

Dr. Wood received a B. A. degree in the Yale Army Bacteriological School and an M. D. degree in Princeton University. He was a former army physician in Mexico and during the war was the head of the reconstruction division of the medical corps. During his career as a government surgeon he has carried on various forms of research work successfully.

The inventor insists that his solution will not only double the growing capacity of the soil, but will make possible the doubling of crops in the same season, as the solution will hasten the development of plants.

Whether or not the invention will be successful, it is attracting international attention. Dr. A. Comalouga, representing the agricultural department of Cuba, was present when a test was made of the solution according to Dr. Wood, and was convinced of the merits of the invention. The Cuban has a reputation in Europe and in this country as an authority on agricultural questions.

Dr. Wood stated that at least four central offices will be established. At the central points laboratories will be established, where solutions manufactured in the farming districts will be tested.

The inventor will leave Memphis today, continuing his tour. He will not return until plans have been perfected for the manufacture of his invention, he stated.

MOUNT MITCHELL NEARLY 7,000 FEET HIGH.

Many people believe that Mount Washington, in New Hampshire, is

First: It is sold at a moderate price. You save when you buy it.

Second: It has more than the ordinary leavening strength, therefore, you use less.

Third: There are no failures—it always makes the sweetest, most palatable of foods.

Fourth: It is used by millions of housewives—leading domestic science teachers and cooking experts.



Fifth: It is the best Baking Powder that can be produced. Was given highest awards at World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago; Paris Exposition, Paris, France.

Sixth: It contains only such ingredients as have been officially approved by the United States Food Authorities.

The finest quality Baking Powder—at the most economical cost. "The Biggest Bargain That Goes into the Kitchen Today."

Mix plain flour with pure baking powder instead of using uncertain mixtures. Then you will know your bakings are pure and wholesome. Plain flour cannot be adulterated.

Calumet Nut Cookie Recipe
— 1 cup butter,
— 1/2 cup sugar, 2
eggs, 1/2 cup
flour, 1 level tea-
spoon Calumet
Baking Powder,
3/4 cup chopped
nuts, 1 teaspoon
lemon juice.
Then mix in the
regular way.

Kill That Cold With



Neglected Colds are Dangerous. Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze. Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache. Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opium in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

the highest mountain in the eastern part of the United States. Mount Washington stands 6,293 feet above sea level, according to the United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior, but many peaks in the Southern Appalachians are several hundred feet higher than New Hampshire's famous mountain. The highest mountain in the Appalachian system—the highest point in the U. S. east of the Rockies—is Mount Mitchell, in North Carolina, which stands at an elevation of 6,711 feet. The highest mountain in Tennessee, Mount Guyot, stands 6,636 feet above sea level.

Constipation.

The beginning of almost every serious disorder is constipation. If you want to enjoy good health keep your bowels regular. This is best accomplished by proper diet and exercise, but sometimes a medicine is needed and when that is the case you will find Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. They are mild and gentle in their action, easy and pleasant to take. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.

VETERANS MEET AND MARCH

At the 54th annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Indianapolis 15,000 veterans of the Civil war marched to the enthusiastic cheering of the vast assemblage of on-lookers. Though the route of the parade was less than a mile in length the warm weather resulted in several of the old "vets" falling out of line, and there were many calls for first aid. Prominent among the Ohio troops was Dr. George Harding, father of the Republican nominee for President. St. Louis was selected as the place of reunion next year. Wm. A. Ketcham, of Indiana, was chosen commander-in-chief.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. From a small beginning its sale and use has extended to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries. This alone is enough to convince one that it is a medicine of more than ordinary merit. Give it a trial and you will find this to be the case.

OFFERED BRIBE TO STOP PROSECUTION

Chicago, Oct. 15.—A Government official attached to the Federal prohibition enforcement organization in Chicago told the Federal grand jury this afternoon that a bribe of \$10,000 had been offered him to stop prosecution in connection with the recent liquor traffic scandal disclosures.

The bribe is said to have been offered by a New York woman.

The Chicago Evening Post printed a story today identifying the woman said to have offered the \$10,000 bribe as Antoinette Duray, alias Rouillet, of New York.

The Government witness, who was sent here from Washington to take charge of the liquor ring investigation, told the grand jury that the same woman had made repeated efforts to bribe other Federal officials to permit the shipment of 1,000 cases of whiskey from Louisville to Chicago.

A subpoena has been issued for the woman in an effort to find who were the principals for whom she worked.

Charles Erbsstein, an attorney, issued a statement today charging that Walter Sadler, former New York broker, who yesterday went before the grand jury to tell of his participation in the whisky ring's activities, approached him last August in an effort to obtain his aid in marketing a carload of liquor here. Sadler, according to Erbsstein, had a letter of introduction from a member of the New York District Attorney's Staff.

Joseph Schilling, named in Sadler's statement to the grand jury as an agent of the liquor ring, and 3 other men were arraigned in court today charged with defrauding Andrew Pappas, a saloon keeper. Pappas asserted he had receipts showing he paid Schilling \$12,000 for whiskey, only a third of which was delivered.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Always bears the Signature of

Wm. D. Mitchell

NEW YORK STATE CENSUS COMPLETE

The "Empire" state is indeed an empire in itself; it has more population than many foreign countries, and the census figures which are just reported show that it has not stopped growing. The total for New York state is 10,384,144, a growth of almost 14 per cent in 10 years. Nearly two-thirds of the whole growth of the state is in New York city—the revised figures for which show a population of 5,820,049, a gain of 18 per cent. This total does not include the neighboring cities of New Jersey and other suburban sections which are really a part of the metropolis. New York is now decidedly the biggest city in the world, having permanently surpassed London. Texas also is a nation by itself; it

LARGEST CARGO OF GOLD CROSSES OCEAN

American bankers recently received a consignment of \$16,750,000 in gold which was transported across the Atlantic ocean on the liner Baltic. This is said to be the largest shipment of gold ever brought over in one cargo; the biggest previous shipment is put at about \$8,000,000.

Jail visitor—"My friend, have you any religious convictions?"

Prisoner—"Well, I reckon that's the right word. I was sent here for robbing a church."

Fifteen billion pieces of general mail, and more than two and a half billion parcel post packages passed thru the United States mail service last year.

Call on The Republican for Fine Job Printing.

ing dates, for the purpose of col-
ing taxes:
Prentiss, Friday, Oct. 22.
Taylor Mines, Saturday, Oct. 23.
McHenry, Saturday, Oct. 23.
Sulphur Springs, Monday, Oct. 25.
Wysox, Wednesday, Oct. 27.
Rockport, Wednesday, Oct. 27.
Heaver Dam, Thursday, Oct. 28.
Simmons, Saturday, Oct. 30.
Render, Saturday, Oct. 30.



Millinery Department

The time is here for your Fall Headwear. So far the season has been one of unusual rush, but every day adds to this Department the newest that can be found in the market. You can visit us, and find exactly what you want, and you will also find that our prices always correspond with the quality given.

Coats and Coat Suits

In connection with our Millinery Department you will see the greatest line of Coats and Coat Suits to be found in our city or county. All kinds of materials, all styles, all sizes. Would appreciate a look whether you care to buy or not.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

It Pays to Follow The Crowd to the Government Store

Bargains in Comforts, Blankets, Iron Cots, Low Wheel Wagons, suitable for log wagons and general hauling. O. D. Coats and Pants, Shirts, Overcoats, Russett and Marching Shoes, Wrapped Leggings, Canvas Leggings, Raincoats, Sweaters, Bacon, Tobacco, Whips, Overalls, Horse Covers, Wagon Tongues, Brake Beams, Tailgates, and other bargains too numerous to mention.

YOU ARE NOT WASTING TIME BY PAYING A VISIT TO THIS STORE.

J. R. TAYLOR, Manager.
Beaver Dam, Ky.

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Fresh Creamery Butter at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Mr. Bob Wilson, of Olaton, was in Hartford yesterday, on business.

We pay cash every day for eggs and poultry. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. W. A. Clark, of Sunnydale, was here yesterday attending to business.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Duke spent Saturday night and Sunday in Central City.

Squire Leslie Combs, of near town, went to Madisonville, Wednesday, on business.

Mr. Cal P. Keown went to Louisville Wednesday, to attend a Convention of the Armenian Relief Organization.

A nice line of crisp potato chips at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Mr. J. J. Jarnagin, of Cromwell, was in town yesterday.

Nice fresh candles, grapes and other fruits, TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

We have Rye, Red Top and Timothy Seed.

ACTON BROS.

FOR SALE—20 Colonies Italian Bees in 8-frame standard hives. 14tf

Mrs. Joe Westerfield and son, Fred, spent the week-end with relatives at Sulphur Springs.

Mr. J. H. B. Carson, of Carson & Co., will return today from a business trip to Louisville.

Wanted—To exchange two automobiles for real estate. Address, Dr. L. B. BEAN, Hartford, Ky. 17tf

Mesdames Minerva Mackey and J. B. Bradshaw, of Centertown, were visitors at this office, while in town Tuesday.

Extra "Star A Star" Shingles, for sale on close figures at W. E. ELLIS & BRO'S.

Your choice of fresh oysters (Counts or Selects) at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Northern Rye, Timothy, Red Top, and Clover Seeds. The best on the market. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Judge and Mrs. W. H. Barnes will return from Louisville today, where they have been spending a few days.

Mrs. Mollie Herring, of Beaver Dam, was the weekend guest of Mr. and Mrs. and Mrs. J. P. Cnebler.

Mrs. F. L. Felix, who has been spending some time here, went to Louisville last week-end to visit relatives.

Mrs. J. R. Pirtle and son, Ferdinand, spent the week end at Dundee, the guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Stewart.

Little Miss Emily Fair and Master J. C. Riley visited their aunts, Misses Hettie and Ruth Riley, of Owensboro, Saturday.

Mr. Clarence I. Tinsley, with Bond Bros., located at Montgomery, Ala., arrived here Wednesday, to spend two weeks with relatives.

Commonwealth's Attorney, C. E. Smith, will leave for Hawesville Sunday, where he goes to attend a session of the Circuit Court.

Mr. C. O. Hunter, Cashier of the Bank of Hartford, attended a session of the Kentucky Bankers' Association in Louisville, Monday.

Mrs. U. S. Faught, of Centertown, is visiting her brother, Mr. A. K. Rowe, and Mrs. Rowe, in Louisville, and attending the Gypsy Smith Revival.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Igleheart were host and hostess to the Stork yesterday. A fine little girl baby was left with them, which they have adopted as their own.

Mrs. O. W. Overhultz, of Cedar Edge, Colo., was summoned to her old home near Equality, Monday on account of the serious illness and death of her father, Mr. N. D. Fulkerson.

Mr. Auburn Tichenor, who has been employed in Detroit, Mich., for some time, arrived here a few days ago to visit his father, Mr. L. B. Tichenor and Mrs. Tichenor and other relatives. Mr. Tichenor will be here about two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Carden and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Carden spent Sunday with Mr. C. P. Carden's father, Mr. J. P. Carden, of Narrows, in honor of his seventy-fourth birthday. A number of the other children of the elder Mr. Carden were also present.

WILSON DESTROYED OWN LEAGUE—TAFT

Chicago, Oct. 19.—President Wilson was accused of destroying his own League of Nations by former President William H. Taft tonight. Mr. Taft spoke on the campaign issues at Northwestern University. He said that only by the election of Senator Harding can real progress be made to bring the United States into an agreement with other nations to prevent war.

"President Wilson made himself the proper object of severest criticism in not being willing to accept a compromise which the Senate had the right to offer him," said Mr. Taft. "By insisting on Article X he destroyed his league, and Mr. Cox proposes to do the same thing."

Mr. Taft said that if Cox is elected the league can not be adopted because the same opposition that prevented its adoption under the Wilson administration will be found in the House and Senate.

"The issue of this campaign is whether we shall approve the Wilson administration," he said. "The question is what can be done, under the rules of the game, under constitutional provision to bring the United States in an arrangement to prevent war. It seems to me clear that in the existing situation, Mr. Harding's election is the only means of securing this."

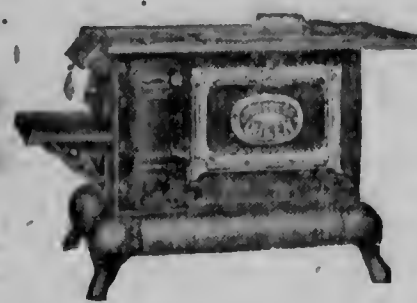
NOTICE.

The Hartford annual Halloween Masquerade dance will be given on Oct. 29th, this year, due to the fact that Halloween falls on Sunday. Please don't forget the date.

Music by Parr Bros. Jazz Orchestra, of Louisville, Ky. All dancers are invited to attend. Folks from out of town are not required to mask.

Cook Stoves That Do It!

The Queen is made in two sizes, range finish, attractive and durable.



This Stove is all and more than its name implies, the queen of stoves in point of service.

If you need a cook stove you ought to have an eye for three distinct features when you purchase, viz: Cooking qualifications, fuel saving and durability. You will find that these features stand out prominently in the Queen. Come in and look our line over. We can save you money.

ACTON BROS.

Hartford, Kentucky.

HOUSE AND CARE FOR FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Lexington, Ky. October 18—Now is the time to house all the machinery which during the rush season you have left standing in the open. In these days when experts state that we cannot expect any decrease in price of farm implements from decrease in cost of manufacture; when freight rates are increasing when farm help is becoming so undependable, every precaution should be taken to conserve our farm machinery.

The average life of an unhusbed farm implement is about seven and one-half years and that of a housed one is 15 years. It is estimated that the annual loss to the farmers of the State by not housing their machinery would be approximately two and one-half million dollars.

If a farmer has \$1500 worth of machinery and it wears out in 15 years when properly housed, the depreciation will amount to \$100 a year, but if he leaves it out in the fence corner it lasts only 7.67 years, and the depreciation will be \$196.56 a year. The difference, \$96.56 would pay the farmer 10 per cent interest on a \$1000 implement shed or 20 per cent on a \$500 one. These figures are worthy of consideration by every farmer.

Suggestions As To How To Conserve Machinery.

1. Cooperative use of machinery may help solve the problem in some communities.
2. When setting up a new machine, always follow the printed instructions sent out by the manufacturers.
3. Before operating any machine, see that all the working parts are correctly adjusted and that the bearings are properly lubricated.
4. All polished working surfaces, such as plow bottoms and cultivator shovels, should be cleaned every night before leaving the field.
5. Store all implements as soon as the season's work is done.
6. When storing all parts should be thoroughly cleaned, bearings greased as well as parts that are apt to rust.
7. When storing the implements, a list of worn and broken parts should be noted and a list of the repairs needed should be recorded.
8. Scrap all old worn out machines, but save all usable parts such as bolts, levers, etc., for emergency repair work.

MEXICO EAGER TO MEET ALL DUTIES

Mexico City, Oct. 16—Mexico is anxious to comply with her international obligations. Provisional President Dr. La Huerta told the correspondent of the Associated Press, and extends a hearty welcome to all foreigners. He declared the Mexican government had not received from Washington any intimation as to conditions upon which possible recognition of the Mexican regime would be based by the United States.

Mrs. W. C. Blenkinship, who underwent an operation in a Louisville Hospital last week, is improving nicely.

CENTERTOWN.

Rev. J. J. Willett, of Owensboro, filled his regular appointment at the Baptist Church at this place last Sunday morning and evening.

O. M. Bishop and wife motored over to Owensboro Sunday.

An infant child of Garfield Rowe

has diphtheria.

L. Worth Tichenor and wife and daughter, Edith, of Livermore, visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. G. L. Everly, of Rockport, was in town last Tuesday evening.

Fonza Rowe, of Bowling Green, is spending a few days here with relatives.

Several folks from this place attended the funeral of S. D. Fulkerson at Equality, last Tuesday.

S. D. Byers and wife were in Evansville last Sunday and Monday.

LIGHT AND WATER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Kentucky Light and Power Company, incorporated, is not able to operate under the burden of high taxes and high prices and that on the 31st day of December, 1920, it will discontinue furnishing both light and water, and will dismantle its plant, and the corporation will be dissolved.

M. L. HEAVRIN, President.
ERNEST WOODWARD, Secy.
E. G. BARRASS, Treas.-Mgr.
September 25, 1920. 131tf



Give Us the Chance

WE are always glad to talk business with the man or woman with a Missouri viewpoint—"Show Me."

If you own dairy cattle what we can "Show You" in the way of a cream separator is going to intensely interest you.

The Primrose Cream Separator is the stingiest proposition on earth with cream—never wastes a drop. Equipped with two cream outlets instead of one, the cream is never crowded in flowing out. This prevents the breaking of the fat globules—result, smoother butter.

The Primrose separator skims extremely close. The cream is always of uniform grade—is sweet, clean and always in first-class condition. And the warm skim milk is invaluable for calves and pigs. Built strong and simple, with frame open and sanitary, and supply can large and low. The Primrose is an ideal machine for the dairy farmer seeking maximum results.

There are so many exclusive good features connected with the Primrose separator that we know we can "Show You" where you will profit much by its use. Let us demonstrate its many fine points to you—if it is not convenient for you to call, phone us and we will bring a machine out with us to your home.

W. E. ELLIS & BROTHER

HARTFORD, KY.

The Standard Paint and Lead Works

CLEVELAND, O.

A complete line of House Paint, Barn Paint, Roof Paints, Floor Paints, Varnishes, Shingle Stain, Oils, Etc.

Goodyear Liquid Cement, guaranteed TEN YEARS. Every gallon guaranteed. Sold direct to consumer.

Write or call,

C. D. THAXTON, Sales Manager

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.
Maude Crowe, et al., Plaintiffs.
vs.
Notice of Sale.
Nellie Crowe Truman, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court entered in the above styled action at its September term, 1920, directing me as Master Commissioner of said court to sell the hereinafter described real estate for the purpose of paying the costs of the above styled action together with the costs of this sale and dividing the balance of the proceeds among the parties entitled thereto as their respective interests may appear, I will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio County, Ky., on Monday, November 1st, 1920 (it being the first day of the regular November term of the Ohio County Court) at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of six months the following described real estate:

A one-fourth interest in a tract of land in Ohio County, Ky., containing 90 acres lying on the waters of Harpeth Creek and bounded on the East by the lands of Milligan Bros., and J. B. Mullican; on the South by the lands of Robert Rowan and Willis Heflin, on the West by the lands of Ed Charlet and John Price; on the North by the lands of Fred Johnson and Milligan Bros.

Also a one-half interest in 130 acre tract of land lying and being in Ohio County, Ky., on the waters of Harpeth Creek and bounded as follows: Bounded on the East by the lands of Frank Riley; on the West by the lands of James Hintou; on the North by the lands of John Salmon, and on the South by the Livermore and Maxwell public road.

The purchaser will be required to execute bonds immediately after sale with security to be approved by the Commissioner in equal installments, due in six and twelve months, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. Said bonds to have the force and effect of a judgment. A lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the purchase price.

Given under my hand this the 9th day of October, 1920.
OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C.
J. S. Glenn, J. P. Sandefur, Attys.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.
Maude Crowe, et al., Plaintiffs.
vs.
Notice of Sale.
Nellie Crowe Truman, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court entered in the above styled action at its September term, 1920, directing me as Master Commissioner of said court to sell the hereinafter described real estate for the purpose of paying the costs of the above styled action together with the costs of this sale, and dividing the balance of the proceeds among the parties entitled thereto as their respective interests may appear, I will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio County, Ky., on Monday, November 1st, 1920, (it being the first day of the regular November term of the Ohio County Court) at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described real estate:

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Given under my hand this the 9th day of October, 1920.
OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C.
J. S. Glenn, J. P. Sandefur, Attys.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.
H. A. Baird, et al., On Petition.
vs.
Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court, entered at its September, 1920 term, in the above styled action, directing me as Master Commissioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, to sell the hereinafter described land for the purpose of paying the costs of this action together with the cost of this sale, and dividing the balance of the proceeds among the parties entitled thereto as their respective interests may appear, I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio County, Kentucky, on Monday, November 1st, 1920, (it being the first day of the regular November term of the Ohio County Court), at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of six and twelve months the following described real estate, lying and being in Ohio County, Ky., and bounded as follows:

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.
Aazle E. Hill, et al., Plaintiffs.
vs.
Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court rendered at its September term, 1920, in the above styled action, directing me as Master Commissioner of said court to sell the hereinafter described land for the purpose of paying the cost of this sale, and dividing the balance of the proceeds among the parties entitled thereto as their respective interests may appear, I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio County, Ky., on Monday, November 1st, 1920, (it being the first day of the regular November term of the Ohio County Court) at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described real estate:

Beginning at a stone the S. E. corner of lot No. 1, known as the Sarah Maddox land deeded to her by Robert Southard; thence east 3 poles to a stone on the North side of the Hartford and Rockport road and the N. E. corner of the Dave Shively's lot; thence N. 66 E. 13 poles with the Hartford and Rockport road; thence N. 72 E. 18 poles with said road; thence N. 72 E. 28 poles to a stone on the North side of said road; thence N. 126 poles to the South bank of the Louis Creek to one beech and sweet gum; thence down said creek with its meanderings to a stone, N. E. corner of lot No. 1 of Robert Southard's land; thence S. 102 poles to the beginning excepting however from said boundary of land a small portion thereof sold by E. Harrison Maddox to Oscar Wade on April 22, 1905, a small portion thereof sold by E. Harrison Maddox to George H. Bennett on May 28, 1906; and a portion thereof sold by E. Harrison Maddox to Flora Bratcher, November 25, 1908, leaving approximately thirty acres of said boundary of the land owned and held by said plaintiffs and defendants.

The purchaser will be required to execute bonds immediately after sale with security to be approved by the commissioner, to have the force and effect of a judgment, payable in six and twelve months, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date until paid. A lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the payment of said bonds.

Given under my hand this the 6th day of October, 1920.
OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C.
Attorneys.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

C. W. Morgan, Plaintiff.
vs.
Notice.

A. W. Morgan, Defendant.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale entered in the above styled action at the July, 1920 term of the Ohio Circuit Court, directing me to sell the hereinafter described property for the purpose of paying certain legacies made in the will of Isabel

Morgan, to-wit, \$475.00 to the plaintiff in this action with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from May 7, 1917 until paid, also to T. F. Tanner, et al., the sum of \$242.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from May 7, 1917, until paid, and the costs of this action and cost of this sale, I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the Court House door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday, Nov. 1, 1920, (it being the first day of the regular term of the Ohio County Court), at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described real estate:

A one-fourth interest in a tract of land in Ohio County, Ky., containing 90 acres lying on the waters of Harpeth Creek and bounded on the East by the lands of Milligan Bros., and J. B. Mullican; on the South by the lands of Robert Rowan and Willis Heflin, on the West by the lands of Ed Charlet and John Price; on the North by the lands of Fred Johnson and Milligan Bros.

Also a one-half interest in 130 acre tract of land lying and being in Ohio County, Ky., on the waters of Harpeth Creek and bounded as follows: Bounded on the East by the lands of Frank Riley; on the West by the lands of James Hintou; on the North by the lands of John Salmon, and on the South by the Livermore and Maxwell public road.

The purchaser will be required to execute bonds immediately after sale with security to be approved by the Commissioner in equal installments, due in six and twelve months, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date until paid. A lien will be retained on the land sold to further secure the payment of said bonds.

Given under my hand this the 6th day of October, 1920.
OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C.
Master Commr. Ohio Circuit Court.
C. M. Crowe, Attorney.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

AVIATION "ACE" OPPOSES LEAGUE

Covenant of Nations Has but One Meaning, War, Declares Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker.

SPEAKS FOR BOYS WHO FOUGHT

Says Lawyers May Argue Point, but Soldiers Would Interpret Our Signature Only as Pledge to Fight Which Must Be Kept.

The following is the first of four articles by Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker on "Why Soldiers Are Against the League of Nations." Capt. Rickenbacker was the ace of aces in American aviation on the front in France. His acquaintance among the soldiers of the late war is nationwide. When he speaks for them, he speaks what he knows.

By CAPT. "EDDIE" RICKENBACKER, Chapter I.

For a soldier, the League of Nations has just one meaning—war. It is a contract to fight. If we join the league we agree to fight when called in to do so.

International lawyers and diplomats may argue this point. Some say that we may sign the league covenant and still not fight unless we want. They argue that, after our allies call on us, we still are at liberty to go in or stay out.

The soldier does not look at the league covenant in this way. He does not bother with the law or diplomacy. We sign a contract; we must keep it. We give a promise; we must redeem it. He does not even think about



Capt. "Eddie" Rickenbacker.

whether it is morals or law that binds us. He only knows that if we give a pledge we are going to stand by it.

Take, for instance, article 10, the war article of the league. The soldier reads there that the members of the league "undertake to respect and preserve against external aggression" the territory and independence of all other members. That is the language of the covenant. The soldier translates that language in his mind into United States. He then would put the pledge, if signed by the United States, in about this form:

"The United States undertakes to respect and preserve against external aggression the territory of all members of the league." Add to this that to the soldier "external aggression" is merely a polite name for war and you have article 10 as he sees it. Everything else is to him just camouflage. We give our word to stand ready to fight, on call, for any other nation in the league that is suffering from a case of "external aggression." Once given, we have to keep it.

The trouble might come in China, or Siam, Greece, India or Egypt. We might be called to fight to keep 30,000,000 Chinese in Shanghai under Japanese rule, or to hold India in the British empire; we might not like the job; we might even sympathize with the Chinese, or Hindus, but we should have given our word, in a plain contract, and we should have to keep it.

That is the way a plain soldier looks at the league contract, and thirty-five in a hundred soldiers do not like it. They have seen foreign nations and know they are foreign to us. They know that every foreign nation, in war or peace, acts first and last for itself. If a foreign nation gets into war while acting in its own interests, they do not see why they should be shipped to Europe or Asia to help it; they do not understand why American blood should be shed to build up any foreign nation. Therefore, they are against taking the pledge; they are against article 10; they are against the covenant.

To fight in war is the solemnest business on earth. Those who fought know this better than anybody else, and they are against fighting for any country except the United States.

FOR SALE.

5 full-stock Durock sows with pigs. Also 2 horses and one mule. Will sell stock cheap.

CLAUD KING, Hartford.



185 times no difference

The singer:

Miss Betsy Lane Shepherd, famous soprano.

The test:

A direct comparison between her voice and its RE-CREATION by New Edison.

The Jury:

185 public audiences, aggregating over 100,000 people.

The verdict (unanimous):

No difference!

Let us show you The NEW EDISON that made this phenomenal record of realism

Come in and tell us which voice or instrument "get" you most quickly. We'll give you the "personal favorites" Realism Test. This test will show you what the New Edison's perfect realism does, how it brings the keener, finer, subtler joys in music.

E. P. BARNES & BRO., Beaver Dam.

For Torpid Liver

"Black-Draught is, in my opinion, the best liver medicine on the market," states Mrs. R. H. White, of Keola, Okla. She continues: "I had a pain in my chest after eating—tight, uncomfortable feeling—and this was very disagreeable and brought on headache. I was constipated and knew it was indigestion and inactive liver. I began the use of Black-Draught, night and morning, and it sure is splendid and certainly gives relief."

Thedford's BLACK-DRAUGHT

For over seventy years this purely vegetable preparation has been found beneficial by thousands of persons suffering from effects of a torpid, or slow-acting liver. Indigestion, biliousness, colic, coated tongue, dizziness, constipation, bitter taste, sleeplessness, lack of energy, pain in back, puffiness under the eyes—any or all of these symptoms often indicate that there is something the matter with your liver. You can't be too careful about the medicine you take. Be sure that the name, "Thedford's Black-Draught," is on the package. At all druggists.

Accept Only the Genuine.

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DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro.
Com'th. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.

Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford.
Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.

Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.

1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.

1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

3d Monday in September—12 days—Civil.

4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month.

Judge—Mack Cook.

County Atty.—A. D. Kirk.

Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.

Sheriff—S. A. Bratcher.

Superintendent—E. S. Howard.

Jailer—Worth Tichenor.

Tax Commissioner—D. E. Ward.

Surveyor—C. S. Moxley.

Coroner—E. P. Rodgers.

FISCAL COURT.

Meets first Tuesday in April and October.

1st District—Ed Shown, Hartford.

2nd District—Sam L. Stevens, Beaver Dam.

3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons.

4th District—G. W. Rowe, Centertown.

5th District—W. C. Daugherty, Balzertown.

6th District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.

7th District—B. F. Rice, Fordsville.

8th District—B. C. Rhoades, Hartford, Route 5.

HARTFORD.

Mayor—J. E. Bean.

Clerk—J. A. Howard.

Police Judge—C. M. Crowe.

Marshal—E. P. Casehler.

ROCKPORT.

Chm'n. Board—W. G. Her.

Clerk—N. H. Bratcher.

Police Judge—S. L. Fulkerson.

Marshal—Ed. J. Bratcher.

BEAVER DAM.

Ch'm'n. Board—W. T. McKenney.

Clerk—R. W. King.

Police Judge—J. W. Cooper.

Marshal—R. F. Stevens.

FORDSVILLE.

Ch'm'n. Board—W. R. Jones.

Clerk—Olla Cobb.

Police Judge—C. P. Kessinger.

Marshal—Grant Poillard.

OFFICIAL SCHOOL CALENDAR FOR PRESENT YEAR

County Board of Education—E. S.

Howard, S. S. O. C.

Route No. 1—R. A. Owen, Hartford.

Route 6.

Div. No. 2—H. C. Lanke, Fordsville.

Div. No. 3—Claud Renfrow, Dundee.

Div. No. 4—Robt. Goff, Rosine.

Div. No. 5—Otis Stevens, Beaver Dam.

Div. No. 6—Nat Lindley, Centertown.

County Board of Examiners: E. S. Howard, Mrs. Hirdie Midkiff and Ira Jones.

Teachers Institute, Sept. 13th—17th.

EXAMINATIONS

Common School Diploma May 14 and 15 at Hartford, Beaver Dam and Fordsville.

May 21 and 22—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).

May 28 and 29—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

June 18 and 19—County and State Teachers' Examination at Fordsville, (White).

June 25 and 26—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

Sept. 17 and 18—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).

Sept. 24 and 25—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

Every Woman Wants
Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Finkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Electric Bitters
Succeed where everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, at thousands have testified. **FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE** it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Rosy Cheeks & Satin Skin

Because of her rosy cheeks and satin skin a woman attracts the admiration of all men. When the young woman peers in her glass, she may see pimples and blotches and she immediately goes to the drug store for paint, powders and beauty creams, when she should go there for a blood medicine and stomach alterative known as "Golden Medical Discovery."

This vegetable tonic and blood alterative clears the skin, beautifies it, increases the blood supply and the circulation, while pimples, boils and eruptions vanish quickly. Ask your nearest druggist for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in tablet or liquid form or send 10c. for trial package of tablets to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y.

LOCK BOX 616 COLUMBUS, O.

OHIO MEDICAL CO.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel-right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by L. E. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Ind.

Mothers use **Frey's Vermifuge** For the Children
A Safe Old Fashioned Remedy for Worms
Seventy-five years continuous use is the best testimonial. FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you. Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones healthy and happy. 30c. bottle at your druggist's or general store; or if your dealer can't supply you, send him name and 30c. in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY
A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION
FOR ONE MONTH
A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. If it does not help you it costs you nothing.
LOCK BOX 616 COLUMBUS, O.
OHIO MEDICAL CO.

USE LIV-VER-LAX
For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel-right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by L. E. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Ind.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Sweet potatoes make a superior table and cooking syrup, say chemists of the United States Department of Agriculture. Thus far no large commercial use has been made of the discovery. The department is prepared to tell how to make sweet-potato sirup at home and how to use it in cookery and candy making.

Fall-sown grain crops in the South provide a winter cover for the land, thus preventing washing and leaching. They also provide winter pasture and grain and forage for work stock and may be grown to advantage in rotation with corn and cotton. The oat crop is one of the best for fall sowing where it withstands the winter.

Young Purebred Outweighs Scrub

"Am marketing a 4-year-old scrub bull this week. It weighs only about 900 pounds as compared with 1,200 pounds for my purebred Shorthorn now 20 months old." With this comment a livestock owner in Bath County, Va., enrolled in the "Better Sires—Better Stock" movement. He is a breeder of cattle, sheep, and swine, and has a purebred sire for each of these classes. The female stock comprises grades principally which will be improved through the use of purebred sires.

Fall Sowing of Oats in South.

The principal varieties of oats suitable for fall sowing in the South are the Red Rustproof, Fulghum, and Winter Turf, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. The Red Rustproof and Fulghum should be grown in the Gulf States, Georgia, and the Carolinas, and the Winter Turf in Virginia, Tennessee, and Kentucky.

Fall oats should be sown on well-prepared land with a grain drill at the rate of 2 to 3 bushels to the acre. The date of seeding varies from September 15 to November 15, according to the locality. Only clean, plump seed should be sown.

European corn borers have been discovered in Canada, the United States Department of Agriculture find, and warns against this new source of infection.

Use Of Vinegar Reduces Vegetable Canning Losses.

A little vinegar added to beans, corn, peas, asparagus or spinach when canned by the water-bath method, will add materially to the reduction of loss by spoilage. Moreover, the time of processing these vegetables may be somewhat reduced when a sufficient amount of acid is used, the Home Economics Kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture reports after two years of experimental work on the subject.

In certain sections of the country in 1919 and 1920 canned sweet corn did not keep well, whether processed continuously or intermittently. In the Home Economics Kitchen quarters of corn processed for less than 6 hours continuously spoiled, while others canned at the same time, with the addition of 4 tablespoons of vinegar to 1 quart, did not spoil either year, although given only 2 hours processing. If only 3 tablespoons of vinegar are used, process 4 hours; 2 or 3 tablespoons of lemon juice to a quart gave equally good results when processed 3 hours. Corn should always be boiling hot when packed into the jar.

With spinach and string beans the addition of 2 tablespoons of the acid proved equally effective in reducing spoilage. Vinegar or lemon juice in the small amounts used modifies to some degree the natural flavor of the vegetable, but the acid taste is not objectionable to most persons. Moreover, much of the acid taste can be washed off before the vegetables are served. Experiments with vinegar and other acids in canning vegetables will be continued in the kitchen next year.

Usually hens make better breeders than pullets. Cockerels, if well grown and matured, often give better fertility than older birds. However, cock birds that have proved good breeders should be used.

Storing Late Vegetables.

The storing of late vegetables is often profitable for those who grow them in sufficient quantities for marketing, giving the grower the direct benefit of the winter price. To care for the surplus vegetables in many cases requires nothing more than the use of existing facilities in or near the home. When considerable quantities of vegetables are to be stored, it is frequently advisable to construct permanent storage facilities in the form of a storage room in the basement of a dwelling or under an outbuilding or to build an outdoor cellar of wood or masonry. If permanent facilities are not available, late

root crops can be kept in outdoor pits or hanks, requiring no cash outlay except for labor.

In addition to the grain and the table scraps given a backyard flock it is well to feed a dry mash. This dry mash is composed of various ground grains and is placed in a mesh hopper or box from which the hens can help themselves. The advantage of feeding such a mash is that the hens always have access to feed, and this tends to make up for any faulty, inexperienced, or insufficient feeding. The hens do not like the dry mash so well that they are likely to overeat, but it will supply a source of feed in case they are not getting enough grain feed. The dry mash also provides a suitable medium for feeding beef scrap, a certain amount of which may or may not be necessary, depending upon the amount of meat scraps available in the table waste. If hens show a tendency to become overfat it may be desirable to close the mesh hopper during a part of the day and allow them access to it only during a certain period, preferably the afternoon.

A good dry mash, recommended by poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture, is composed of equal parts by weight of corn meal, wheat, bran, wheat middlings and beef scrap. Another mash is composed of 3 parts by weight of corn meal and 1 part beef scrap. Still a third mash, which has given excellent results, is composed of 1 pound of wheat bran, 1 pound of wheat middlings, 6.4 pounds of beef scrap, and 16.5 pounds of corn meal. The beef scrap used in the dry mash is usually the most expensive ingredient, but it is an essential part of the mash and very efficient for egg production. It should not be eliminated or reduced unless the quantity of meat in the table scraps is considerable or unless some other product can be substituted for it. Fish scrap, when available, may replace the beef scrap, or cottonseed meal can be used to replace one-half of the beef scrap in the mash. No attempt should be made to replace more than half the beef scrap with cottonseed meal, as the quality of the eggs will be unsatisfactory.

Green-cut hone can often be purchased from the butcher. This material when procured fresh makes an excellent substitute for beef scrap. It should be purchased in small quantities, as it can not be kept fresh for any length of time and when spoiled may cause severe bowel trouble. It is best fed in a trough not often than every other day, allowing about one-half ounce per bird. Should severe or continued looseness of the bowels follow the feeding of green-cut hone it should be discontinued or the quantity reduced.

Silage Provides Cheapest Succulent Feed For Stock.

Silage is the best and cheapest form in which to store succulent feed, say specialists of the Bureau of Animal Industry, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Many forage crops can be made into silage, but corn, where it can be grown successfully, makes the best silage.

Good silage depends upon cutting the crop at the right stage, fine cutting, even distribution, thorough packing, and plenty of moisture in the cut material. When rightly put up and carefully fed, there should be little if any loss thru spoiling.

Silage is well suited for feeding to all live stock. Dairy cows need it perhaps more than other classes of animals, because the succulence it supplies is very necessary for large milk production. It is a cheap and economical feed for beef cattle, from breeding cow to fattening steer. Sheep like it, and it is well suited to may be fed limited quantities of good their needs. Even horses and mules silage with good results.

SAVED HIS HORSE

Mr. R. L. McIntyre, of Altoona, Ala., says: "Dr. LeGear's Antiseptic Healing Powder quickly healed some bad wire cuts on my horse. I defy any stranger to find the slightest scar on him."

Dr. LeGear's Advice and Remedy saved this valuable animal. He warns you not to leave a wound, scar or cut exposed, but to dust on Dr. LeGear's Antiseptic Healing Powder, which instantly forms an antiseptic protection and promotes healthy healing.

In his 28 years of Veterinary Practice and Expert Poultry Breeding, Dr. LeGear has compounded a remedy for every curable ailment of stock or poultry. Whenever they require a remedy it will pay you, as it did Mr. McIntyre, to purchase from your dealer the proper Dr. LeGear Remedy, on a satisfaction or money-back guarantee.—Advertisement.

Why He is Kicking Up Such a Dust



UNITED STATES QUITS FIGHT ON H. C. L.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The government drive against the high cost of living, abandonment of which has been set for November 1, has cost approximately \$500,000 according to figures at the Department of Justice which today sent letters to all fair price organizations informing them of the conclusion of the campaign.

Department officials said the drive had been successful, but that lack of funds had forced the decision to discontinue the organization built up for the war on profiteers. They pointed to collections of fines aggregating more than \$275,000, assessed against convicted profiteers, as evidence of the success attained.

Further fines might be collected, it was added, from the more than 1,600 persons and firms indicted thru activities of the fair price group.

Convictions obtained thru the fair price commissions totaled 181, records of the department showed. There remain more than 200 other cases where arrests have been made, but the trials have not been held. Prison sentences imposed aggregate ten years and ten months in cases already decided. Officials said this represented more than forty convictions since most of the sentences were short.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

TEN HORSES FINISH 300-MILE CONTEST

Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., Oct. 15.—Ten horses today completed the 300-mile endurance test for cavalry mounts in which 27 horses started at Fort Etha Allen, Vermont, last Monday. Crabtree, a registered Arab chestnut gelding, and Rustem Bey, a grade Arab gelding of the same color and winner of last year's test, both owned by W. R. Brown, of Berlin, N. H., came in at the head of the string, followed half an hour later by Bunkie and Mile, Denise, army remount service grade thoroughbreds. The winner of the test to be determined by consideration of speed, condition and amount of feed consumed, will be announced tomorrow.

The other horses finished in the following order: Dolly, Kemah Prince King Fisher, Moscow, Castor and Noam.

Thirteen horses started the last leg from Concord, N. H., this morning, but David Craig, a registered thoroughbred; Hamia, a registered Arab, and Colosa, a grade Arab, were withdrawn before the noon stop at Milford, N. H. Each horse carried a minimum of 245 pounds as compared with 200 pounds in last year's test. In the final judging speed will count 40 per cent condition 50 per cent and feed 10 per cent.

MRS. BERGDOLL GUILTY

Found guilty in a Philadelphia court of aiding Grover and Erwin Bergdoll to evade the draft, Mrs. Emma C. Bergdoll, her son Charles, and three others were released on \$10,000 bail each pending motion for a new trial. The judge in his charge said: "It is too much to expect any mother to surrender her own son. But pity and sympathy for a deserter are no excuse for harboring a deserter or aiding his escape."

NIGHT RIDERS OF COTTON BELT CREATE REIGN OF TERRORISM

Atlanta, Oct. 16.—The night riding campaign to force the closing of the cotton ginneries until the price of the staple advances to 40 cents a pound has assumed such proportions that the economic life of this section is gravely menaced.

In the Atlanta district, which includes the States of Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina and Florida, the night riders have posted notices on scores of ginneries warning the owners that no cotton must be ginned until the price reaches 40 cents.

In some counties the night riders not only have posted the ginneries, but also have posted the cotton fields with notices that no cotton must be picked.

Large mercantile establishments also have been ordered to close their doors until the price of cotton advances.

The result of the nightriding tactics has been to create a sort of terrorism which is interfering greatly with the orderly process of business and which threatens, unless speedily checked, to create wide-spread economic demoralization.

The posting of cotton fields has had an especially terrifying effect on the negroes who believe it means a revival of the ku klux Klan of reconstruction days.

The belief of the negroes is strengthened by the fact that the old ku klux Klan has been reorganized and regularly chartered under the laws of Georgia and has numerous lodges in this and other States.

The Klan however, has nothing to do with the nightriding campaign, being purely a fraternal organization. The negroes do not credit this, and they lay the posting of the cotton fields and fields to the Klan. In some sections it is said to be impossible to get a negro to enter a cotton field that has been posted by the nightriders.

NEGROES RETURN HOME

Macon, Ga., Oct. 13.—Thousands of Georgia negroes who migrated to the north and east soon after the outbreak of the war, lured by high wages offered by industrial plants, are returning to Georgia, and hundreds of others, unable to make the homeward track because of lack of funds, are sending appeals to their former employers for tickets on which to travel back to Dixie, according to figures gathered by the Macon News.

Virtually all of those who return and those who are writing for funds state that they have been thrown out of employment and now find themselves faced with the prospect of a hard winter in a strange land.

Returning negroes all tell the same story. High wages received counted for little with them, as they were more than offset by the high cost of living in the industrial centers to which they went. Practically all of them return to their old homes penniless, glad to have saved enough from their high wages to purchase transportation back to the land of cotton and sweet potatoes, free quarters and free firewood.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



STANDS OFF A LOT OF DOCTOR BILLS

Recommends Pe-ru-na for Catarrh of the Stomach, Colds and Grip

"I have used Pe-ru-na for several years and can heartily recommend it for catarrh of the stomach or entire system. I always get benefit from it for colds and grip. It stands off a lot of doctor bills and makes one feel like a new person." R. F. BUTTLE, R. F. D. No. 3, Box 51, Waynesburg, Kentucky.

It is just to keep a bottle of Pe-ru-na in the house for emergencies. Coughs and colds may usually be relieved by few doses of Pe-ru-na taken in time. Nasal catarrh, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea, rheumatism or other troubles due to a catarrhal condition of the mucous membranes all call for Pe-ru-na as the successful treatment. The health building, strength restoring qualities of this well known remedy are especially marked after a protracted sickness, the grip or Spanish Flu. PE-RU-NA is justly proud of its record of fifty years as health protector for the whole family.

TABLETS OR LIQUID

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BARK ON TREES NOT WOOD

Bark on trees and shrubs corresponds with skin on animals. But it has other uses which the skin hasn't. Bark isn't wood and it isn't formed as wood is formed. It covers the wood and it is generally an easy matter to separate the bark from the wood. Hemp and jute and flax are all bark—the outside covering of certain vegetable growths.

Bark is composed of three layers of tissues. The inside layer conducts food to the plant, and under a magnifying glass is seen to be made up of tiny fibers. Then there is the "green done," as it is called, and this also is fibrous and helps feed the plant. The outside layer is cork and is really dead. That is, these cork cells develop and die immediately, so one really sees only a dead tree when he looks at the bark. The cork of commerce is the bark of a certain kind of tropical tree, but the outer layer of bark of all trees is technically known as cork and the little cells going to make it up are called cork.

DELEWARE THE LOWEST STATE

The average elevation of Delaware is only 60 feet above sea level, according to the United States Geological Survey, less than that of any other highest point, at Centerville, New Castle County, is 440 feet above sea level, higher than the highest points in Florida, Louisiana, and the District of Columbia.

GIRL'S RIFLE SCORES

484 HITS, 500 SHOTS

Majorie Kinder, 15-year old high school girl of Bridgeport, Ohio, is the youngest girl who ever held the national indoor rifle championship. She hit the target 484 out of 500 times in the recent American Home Ranges Record Match, held at Camp Perry, Ohio.

In the fifty-yard match she scored 91 out of 100; in the 100-yard range, 96 out of 100.

GROWERS TO SEEK

EMBARGO ON WOOL

Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 16.—Wool Growers of the United States are preparing to make a determined effort to secure legislation placing an embargo on foreign wool during

THE BEST SORT OF DETECTIVE

Dorsey Reho—Mr. father must have been up to all sorts of mischief when he was a boy.

Harold Banks—Why? Dorsey—Because he knows exactly what questions to ask me when he wants to know what I have been doing.

EIGHT MEN HELD FOR COTTON FIRES

Bald Knob, Ark., Oct. 15.—Eight farmers arrested yesterday on charges of night riding waited examinations when arraigned today and were bound over to await action of the grand jury.

Seven of the men are said to have admitted they had written letters to cotton gin operators and had posted placards on gin threatening to burn the gin and kill the watchmen unless the gins suspended operations until cotton prices reached 40 cents per pound.

the coming short session of Congress in December, according to announcement today by E. R. Marshall, of Salt Lake, secretary of the National Wool Growers' Association.

At the present time he asserted thousands of tons of domestic wool remain in the store houses of the country, while clothing manufacturers and others are purchasing wool grown in foreign countries at lower prices.

NEW HIS MASTER'S CRIB

"What shall we say of the former senator?" asked one of the men.

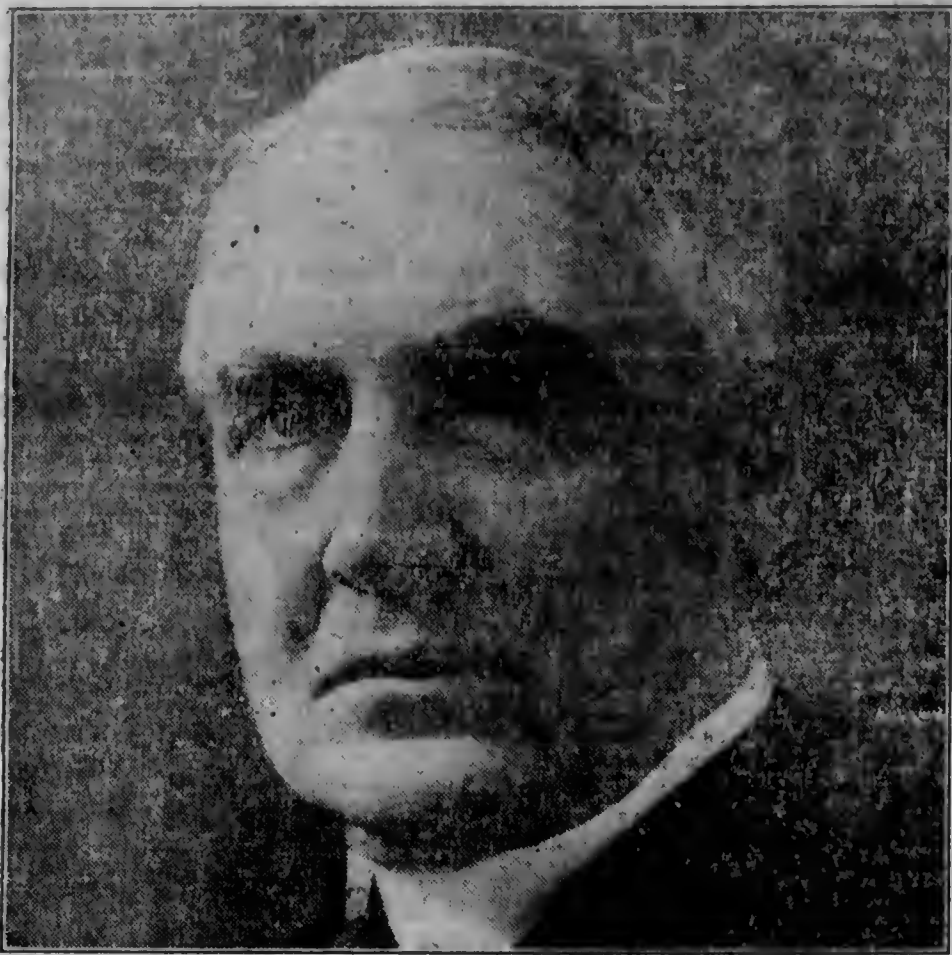
"Oh, just put it down that he was always faithful to his trust."

"And," queried a cynical member of the group, "shall we mention the name of the trust?"

SERUM MAY TAKE PLACE OF KNIFE IN APPENDICITIS

Paris, Oct. 10.—Treatment of appendicitis by antiseptic serum instead of by operation has been tested with such satisfactory results that it is likely operations as a cure soon will be abandoned. Prof. Pierre Delbert said in a paper read today before the Congress of Surgery. According to Professor Delbert the tests have extended over a period of 13 years.

WARREN G. HARDING Your Kind of Man and—



The Next President of the United States

The Next President.

As certain as anything can be, in this world, is the election of Senator Harding.

To readers of this newspaper, the many family groups to which it comes a regular welcome visitor, Senator Harding's face shines as that of a friend.

Senator Harding, your next President, is your kind of man. You see him, hear a few words, and you know it.

He was born in a small town, has lived there all his life, lives there now, and will live there again when he leaves the White House with his work for the country done.

How He Lives.

He lives as you live, simply, in the old fashioned American way.

The main residence street in any little American town, boasts half a dozen homes more elaborate than Senator Harding's, and many as good.

Millions of men, believing in this country, devoted to its government, SATISFIED with the UNITED STATES, believe that the United States is able to deal with its own problems, and settle its own questions free from outside assistance or interference.

Those millions of men are men of the same sort as Senator Harding.

What Kind of Man.

Harding is a big American in physical size, thanks to vigorous farming ancestors. He is a big American also in heart, in understanding, in sympathy and in simplicity.

You read his speeches and know that he does not imagine himself created to tell all the world what to do. He believes in, and he understands the American people, his friends, the citizens of his own little town, Marion, Ohio, and the dwellers in thousands of other towns like it.

Your Servant, No Autocrat.

After you have elected him, you will find in Senator Harding an earnest, conscientious, straight thinking servant of the people, not an autocrat, but a man respecting the traditions of American government, and the Constitution of the United States.

Senator Harding understands that the people will elect him to be President of the United States, not President of the whole world. He will know that he is employed by the PEOPLE of this country to look after the interests of THIS country.

Born on a farm, living all his life close to farmers, he knows and sympathizes with the problems of the farm. Living in the average American way, in the average, American small town, he knows the problems of the average American. He understands the printers he employs, and he knows their trade and sets type as they do.

His Ambition.

Senator Harding has no ambition to be called a political superman, or RULER of America. It is his ambition to be known as a good American, a faithful servant of those that trust him.

National politics are discussed this year less than at any election since the republic was founded. Why? Because men do not discuss, to any great extent, that which is DEFINITELY SETTLED.

And this national election is definitely settled as you read this. YOU know it.

But it is important that demonstration of the popular will should be of the most overwhelming kind. Therefore the good citizen will do what he can to increase the vote for Harding, should there be any doubtful votes within reach of his voice.

It is almost ludicrously difficult to find a man or woman that intends to vote the Democratic ticket this year.

But if you do find one, show him or her this picture of the next President. And express in your own way the reasons that inspire you to approve and vote for him.

What is Senator Harding's outlook upon life? It is YOUR OWN.

Read these extracts from one of his recent speeches:

"This government is your government, not that of somebody who is placed in office."

"You clothe us with authority. We are pleased to execute your will. And one reason I want the Republican party in power once more is because we are responsive to the will of the people of the United States and do not try to tell you that what one man thinks is necessary."

No hallucination there, no idea that Harding was made to rule, and YOU, who read this newspaper, made to be ruled, or preached at from above by your own elected servant.

The duty of the American, whether he be President or simple citizen, is not complicated in Mr. Harding's mind. He says:

"As I said at the outset, government is a very simple thing, government is only the regulation of our relationships to one another. The government's first task is the protection of the minority against autocracy, or the domination of the majority that sometimes forgets the rights of the minority."

"I am preaching the gospel of popular representative government in the United States, a government that does not know any class anywhere in all this Republic."

In his speeches and in his daily life, running for the Presidency or running his country newspaper, Senator Harding is just an everyday American neighbor. This is what he says, as he bids farewell to a crowd of friends:

"I am very happy to see you all this morning. As I have said, I want you to know me, and I am delighted to know you. We are going to work together for the good of the United States, and we are going to hold America first in all our thoughts and in all our actions."

Women Voting.

Women especially have reason to congratulate themselves on the fact that Senator Harding will be the next President.

Their sons are taken in war. Their husbands and fathers are taxed to pay for war. They spend the lonely hours of dreadful anxiety, while the son is away.

They, above all, are interested in having for President such a man as Senator Harding.

He does not believe that foreign powers should be allowed to conscript American boys for war beyond the seas.

He does not believe that a Foreign Council should send to America for men and money to settle wars not of our making.

Senator Harding does not believe that this country should be taxed to finance the ambitions or the land greed of foreign nations, and as he believes, so the earnest men and women of this country believe.

When you cast your vote for Senator Harding, you will vote for YOUR KIND OF MAN, the intelligent, straightforward, unpretentious American citizen. President Harding will be an American President, not an international President.

You will have in the White House a man of constructive mind, a plain American with no dreams of world dominion, but with a settled determination to restore normal conditions and normal prosperity to this country.

After the War.

After a war that has destroyed old conditions, cost many lives, squandered many billions in reckless extravagance and dishonesty, and weakened respect for the Constitution, you need for President a straightforward, constructive American.

And you will have such a man in the White House after the 4th of next March, for after that the President of the United States will be Warren G. Harding, your kind of man, one that you would gladly trust with your own affairs, and the affairs of your country.

STATEMENT

Of the ownership, management, circulation, etc., required by the act of Congress of August 24, 1912, of the Hartford Republican, published weekly at Hartford, Kentucky, for October, 1920.
State of Kentucky.)

County of Ohio.)

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared W. S. Tinsley, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Editor and manager of the Hartford Republican and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation) etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publisher, Hartford Printing Co., (Incorporated), Hartford, Ky.
Editor, W. S. Tinsley, Hartford, Ky.

Managing editor, Same.
Business Managers, Same.

2. That the owners are Hartford Printing Co., (Inc.), W. C. Blenkinship, S. A. Bratcher, E. S. Howard, W. H. Balzo, C. O. Hunter, E. G. Barrass, Jno. A. Johnson, T. H. Black, M. L. Heavrin, Mack Cook, W. S. Tinsley, A. D. Kirk, Worth Tichenor, C. E. Smith, all of Hartford, Ky.; Z. Harrel, Rockport, Ky.; C. M. Taylor, Beaver Dam, Ky.; C. E. Crowder, Horton; I. S. Mason, Route 3 Hartford, Ky.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgages, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: The Bank of Hartford, Hartford, Ky.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company, but also in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

W. S. TINSLEY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 19 day of October, 1920.

R. R. EILEY, N. P. O. C.

My commission expires January 15, 1922.

PROGRAM.

Of Ohio County Baptist Sunday School Convention, meeting with Green River Baptist Church, near Cromwell, Ky., Oct. 30-31.

Saturday Night, 30th.

6:00 Devotional Exercises.
6:30 Duty of Deacons to their Church—Rev. Albert Maddox, Rev. R. E. Fuqua.

7:30 Duty of Pastors to their Churches—J. J. Stewart, L. D. Eldson, Rev. R. L. Brandenburg.

8:30 Announcements and adjournment.

Sunday Morning, 31st.

9:00 Devotional Exercises.
9:15 Business Session.
9:30 Singing by Cromwell Class.
9:45 Sunday School Hour.
10:45 Singing—Cromwell Class.
11:00 Sermon—Rev. R. E. Book-

er.

Sunday Afternoon

1:00 Devotional Exercises.
1:15 What I owe to my Pastor—Roscoe James, A. M. Smith.

1:45 Singing, etc.
2:00 How to maintain an ever-green Sunday School—W. M. Fair, Rev. Russell Walker.

2:30 How to get the old people interested in Sunday School—Rev. R. L. Brandenburg, Rev. M. G. Snell.

3:00 Business. Final.

BIRCH SHIELDS,

L. D. EIDSON,

WARREN SHIELDS,

Committee

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

To the Taxpayers of East and West Beaver Dam precincts:

1 or one of my deputies will be at Beaver Dam, Saturday October 23, for the purpose of assessing the taxpayers of said precincts. Please meet us promptly.

D. E. WARD, Tax Commr. O. C.

Your Clothes Problems

No doubt are giving you some concern. You have begun to take an inventory of your last year's left overs. You know now if you have a new suit or overcoat for winter.

We want to remind you that we are well prepared to take care of your needs in suits or overcoats.

The swell new styles and fabrics for the young man who wants to always look his best.

The conservative models and patterns that are especially adapted to the middle aged who are interested in neat appearance and long service.

MOTHERS—Our suits for the boys are of the newest models, combined with good fabrics and tailoring that will stand the rough use our young Americans will give them.

The price on every Suit or Overcoat is on a par with the quality.

Men's Suits \$25.00 to \$50.00.

Men's Overcoats \$15.00 to \$45.00.

Boys' Suits \$10.00 to \$20.00.

Our New Hats, Shoes, Shirts And Underwear

are all in harmony with our suits. It's an easy matter to get everything you need here. A look costs you nothing, and we love to show them. Come in and see for yourself.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.

Beaver Dam, Ky.